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7590 04/08/2005				EXAMINER			
Robert E. Bus Suite 300	hnell		CZEKAJ, DAVID J				
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Washington, DC 20005				2613	2613		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/052,5	552	PARK ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit			
	·	Dave Cz	ekaj	2613			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	nication appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	ldress		
A SH THE   - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN risions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come period for reply specified above is less than thirty (1) period for reply is specified above, the maximum is reto reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evenunication. 80) days, a reply within the statatutory period will apply and very will, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be tim tutory minimum of thirty (30) days vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on .					
2a)□	•	2b)⊠ This action is	non-final.				
3)□							
Dispositi	on of Claims	•					
5)	Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restri	are withdrawn from co					
Applicati	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on 23 January 2 Applicant may not request that any objected the Carlo of the Oath or declaration is objected the Carlo of the Oath or declaration is objected the Carlo of the Oath or declaration is objected the Carlo of the Oath or declaration is objected the Carlo of the Oath or declaration is objected the Carlo of the Oath or declaration is objected the Carlo of the Oath o	2 <u>002</u> is/are: a)⊠ acception to the drawing(s) g the correction is requi	be held in abeyance. See red if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority  2. Copies of the certified copies  application from the Internationsee the attached detailed Office actions	documents have be documents have be of the priority docum onal Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Applicati ents have been receive lle 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage		
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary				
3) 🛭 Infori	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (i mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o or No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/19, 10/25</u> .		Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal F		O-152)		

### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Response to Arguments

Upon further review, the restriction previously applied has been withdrawn.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ozkan et al. (5933451), (hereinafter referred to as "Ozkan").

Regarding claim 1, Ozkan discloses an apparatus that relates to determining the complexity of a data signal (Ozkan: column 1, lines 3-5). This apparatus comprises "a channel data processor comprising a frame buffer group including a plurality of frame buffers for each input channel, the channel data processor for selecting data transmitted to the frame buffer group to output the selected data" (Ozkan: figures 1-3, wherein the channel data processors are the processors, the frame buffer group are each of the frame buffers of each processor, the selection is performed by the multiplexer) and "an encoder for encoding image signals output from the processor with a MPEG method" (Ozkan: figures 2-3, wherein the encoder is the MPEG encoder).

Regarding claim 2, Ozkan discloses "the processor storing each unit into the frame buffer in accordance with a set-up channel selection order and

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outputting the frame data stored in the buffer group to the encoder" (Ozkan: column 4, lines 66-67 – column 5, lines 1-7, wherein the selection order is taking 12 pictures or frames for storage).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 3-14, 18, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ozkan et al. (5933451), (hereinafter referred to as "Ozkan") in view of Honda et al. (6493466), (hereinafter referred to as "Honda").

Regarding claims 3, 10, and 18, note the examiner's rejection for claim 1, and in addition, claims 3, 10, and 18 differ from claim 1 in that claims 3, 10, and 18 further require two switches to connect the input channels, buffers, and output to encoders. Honda teaches that switches contacting the input channels with a buffer and switches contacting the frame buffer for outputting data to the encoder can precisely control an encoder (Honda: figure 5, wherein the first switch unit is switch 102, the second switch unit is switch 108/104, column 9, lines 22-47, wherein the precise control is the use of the switches to supply the data to the necessary locations). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the apparatus

disclosed by Ozkan and add the switching units taught by Honda in order to obtain an apparatus that more precisely controls the compression of data.

Regarding claim 4, Honda discloses "the first switch unit stores each unit of frame data in accordance with a set-up channel selection order, the second switch unit contacting with the frame buffer group in accordance with a set-up channel contact order and outputting the frame data" (Honda: column 9, lines 22-47, wherein the selection order is alternatively inputting the pictures between the two buffers).

Regarding claim 5, Honda discloses "a discrete cosine transformer" (Honda: figure 17, item 1703), "a quantizer" (Honda: figure 17, item 1704), "an inverse quantizer" (Honda: figure 17, item 1708), "an inverse discrete cosine transformer" (Honda: figure 17, item 1709), "a prediction memory" (Honda: figure 17, item 1711), "an adder" (Honda: figure 17, item 1710), and "a subtracter" (Honda: figure 17, item 1702).

Regarding claims 6 and 12, Honda discloses "a variable length encoder and outputting the encoded signals" (Honda: figure 17, item 1705) and "a parser for loading channel information about each frame and outputting the signals" (Honda: figure 17, column 17, lines 60-65, wherein the parser is the synthesizing unit, the information about each frame is the information indicating that the image has not been skipped).

Regarding claim 7, Honda discloses "a channel selection unit including a key for setting up a select pattern in regard to the input channels" (Honda: figure

4, column 8, lines 33-37, wherein the key is the "O's" and "X's") and "a channel controller for controlling the first and second switch unit in accordance with the select pattern" (Honda: figure 5, wherein the controller is the determination unit).

Regarding claim 8, note the examiner's rejection for claims 1, 2, and 4.

Regarding claim 9, note the examiner's rejection for claim 1 and in addition Honda discloses "encoding signals by using previous frame data stored in the prediction memory" (Honda: column 9, lines 44-52, wherein the compression encoder performs the encoding, the previous frame data is the second image).

Regarding claim 11, note the examiner's rejection for claim 5 and in addition Honda discloses "a prediction memory selection unit for controlling prediction memory of channels corresponding to the selected channels by the second switch unit to be contracted between the adder and subtracter" (Honda: figure 17, wherein the controlling is performed by the motion amount detector).

Regarding claims 13 and 22, note the examiner's rejection for claim 7 and in addition Honda discloses "a channel controller for controlling the prediction memory" (Honda: figure 17, wherein the controlling is performed by the motion amount detector).

Regarding claim 14, note the examiner's rejection for claim 9 and in addition Honda discloses "selecting a prediction memory of channels corresponding to the input frame with numbers corresponding to the number of

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input channels" (Honda: figure 17, wherein the switch 1717 selects whether to engage the prediction memory or image memory).

5. Claims 15-17, 19, 20-21, and 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ozkan et al. (5933451), (hereinafter referred to as "Ozkan") in view of Honda et al. (6493466), (hereinafter referred to as "Honda") in further view of Faryar et al. (6625215), (hereinafter referred to as "Faryar").

Regarding claim 15, note the examiner's rejection for claims 1 and 3, and in addition claim 15 differs from claims 1 and 3 in that claim 15 further requires calculating a similarity between images. Faryar teaches that prior art compression systems require a great overhead to be sent to the decoder (Faryar: column 1. lines 54-60. To help alleviate this problem, Faryar discloses "an encoder for calculating a similarity by comparing image signals output from processor and previous frame data and selecting one mode set up differently for each other in regard to the present frame data in accordance with the calculated similarity" (figure 7, wherein the similarity is calculated from the comparison, column 6, lines 31-35, wherein the mode is the intra/inter mode). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the apparatus disclosed by Ozkan, add the switching units taught by Honda, and add the similarity computing means taught by Faryar in order to obtain an apparatus that operates more efficiently by reducing computational overhead.

Regarding claim 16, discloses "a first mode for encoding the present frame data with an intra coding method" (Faryar: column 6, lines 31-35, wherein the first mode is the intra mode) and a "second mode for encoding data by subtracting the previous frame data from the present frame data" (Faryar: column 6, lines 31-31, wherein the second mode is the inter mode).

Regarding claim 17, note the examiner's rejection for claim 15 and in addition Faryar discloses "outputting encoding mode information" (Faryar: column 6, lines 55-57, wherein the mode information is sent or output to the encoder and decoder).

Regarding claim 19, Faryar discloses "an intra frame coder" (Faryar: figure 3, item 114), "and intra frame decoder" (Faryar: figure 3, item 116), "an adder" (Faryar: figure 3, item 132), "a subtracter" (Faryar: figure 3, item 126), and "a frame memory selection unit for controlling the frame memory of channels" (Faryar: figure 3, items 112, 112A, 112B, 118, wherein the frame memory selection unit is the coding mode selector which controls the switches which controls the frame memory).

Regarding claims 20 and 25, Faryar discloses "a similarity calculation unit calculating a similarity by comparing previous screen data and frame data of selected channel and determining an encoding mode with the macro block unit" (Faryar: figure 3, column 5, lines 46-50, wherein the previous screen data is the previously constructed sample, the mode is the inter/intra mode).

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Regarding claims 21 and 23, Faryar discloses "determining a calculated similarity as the first mode when the calculated similarity is greater than a set-up reference value, and as the second mode when the calculated similarity is less than a set-up reference value" (Faryar: column 6, lines 31-35, wherein the set-up reference value is the inter/intra threshold, the two modes are the intra mode and the inter mode).

Regarding claim 24, note the examiner's rejections for claims 16 and 21.

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

US-5448297	09-1995	Alattar et al.
US-5629736	05-1997	Haskell et al.
US-5647049	07-1997	Odaka et al.
US-5717462	02-1998	Hayashi, Naoya
US-6324216	11-2001	Igarashi et al.
US-6381254	04-2002	Mori et al.
US-6611624	08-2003	Zhang et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dave Czekaj whose telephone number is (571) 272-7327. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9 hours.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Kelley can be reached on (571) 272-7331. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
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